

subtone/covered tone
flutter Tongue

"air swoops"

"subtone"/"Nohkan" sound - intense, with overtones - use Alternate fingerings if poss. get microtone changes + overtones

flute

Bb clar.

violin

cello

perc.

piano

NB: (ad lib use D#⁺E⁻ there are many alt. fingerings.)

ff

sfz

pitch(±) ad lib - use alternate fingerings for pitch, timbre "melody"

(alt. fingerings if possible)

niente

pp

pitch(±)

niente

mp

f

mp

f

ppp

post-verfast, circular glassy, airy

ppp

(post-ord-taso ∞) → ad lib

tremolo + slow glis

post ∞ and

pp

(4)

< pp

#x

ALWAYS NOT DIAPHRAGM ATTACKS

"Nohkan" sound - intense, airy, full of overtones

ALWAYS use Diaphragm Attacks

"Nohkan" sound - intense, airy, full of overtones

flute
subtone - circular pattern
fast as possible - Augment by alternate fingerings if it works easily
pitch (+) Ad lib
ff
use Alt fingerings
Also +- C9, D

Bb clar.
ppp possible
tremolo + slow glis - emphasize overtones, timbres
bow (pont ∞ ord) ad lib - use much pont.
slow, light bow ALWAYS
p = mf

violin
tremolo + slow glis, emphasize overtones, etc.
bow: (pont - ord ∞) ad lib - use much pont.
slow, light bow ALWAYS
ppp possible
niente

cello
pp
niente

perc.

piano
use neighboring tones
ad lib
C6

001119-B7-F28-008-01B

- 1) then slide of 3rd string on C#
- 2) scratch nail on F# or C# (-2)

diaphragm attacks (Air/pitch) ① Hō z ③ ① Hō ③

flute

Bb clar.

violin

cello

perc.

piano

subtone - non vib -

subtone: circular pattern rapid 5

use alternate fingerings (use 3 to 5 different ones) ad lib

att. fing. get timbral &/or microtonal changes

basic pitch (±) ad lib niente

ppp possible

soft as poss + then softer this cannot be too soft (pont)

ppp poss.

niente

pp

Swl A touch + depress slowly / very slow, light bow point ∞ ord

"Quasi harmonic" Allow harmonics

niente < ppp possible

Superball on strings: AREA south of hammers stroke lightly to get 8va + 5th partial

simile -----

ca. 1'

7

(see note p.3)
0-②-③ as needed
As fast as poss.

F# G7 C#

Flute
NB Clarinet - timbral changes w/ Alt fingerings
always subtone, softer than soft
very fast
2 "Air"
n < pp Alt fing

B♭ clar.
(pont. ord - pont ∞) glassy, airy a ghost of sound
ppp n ppp # # # # #
ppp

violin
2-4 2-6 2-8 A9 2-4 2
ppp Airy, a brush of sound
tasto 2-5 2-8 2-10 A9 2-4 2
ppp > N < pp > N < > N <

cello
ppp < > N < pp > N < pp > N <

perc.
superball mallet
(V)

piano
[XXXXXXXXXXXX]
[L 6 J 3]

flute

Bb clar.

violin

cello

perc.

piano

Take time

(tasto - ord - pont ∞) $\rightarrow$ pont

bow pattern:

slide in serpentine motion vary pressure

Allow overtones. Air sounds, quints of pitch

Ricochet bow

(pont - ord ∞) $\rightarrow$

lean into gliss + release hand

trem

mf

Go To C⁻² bow: (X)

niente

niente $\leftarrow$ ppp

10

ca 30'

flute

Bb clar.

violin

(pontoo ord)
(gentle bow changes)
V M V M trem

L.h. lean quickly into gliss + release

slow microtones
(+ -)

Ricochet bow
Tasto
ord
pont

tremolo

cello

perc.

piano

PP

11

The musical score is written on six staves. The flute and Bb clarinet staves are empty. The violin staff has a section with the instruction 'L.h. lean quickly into gliss + release' and a wavy line indicating a glissando. The cello staff has a section with the instruction 'slow microtones (+ -)' and a wavy line indicating a glissando. The percussion staff has a section with the instruction 'Ricochet bow' and a wavy line indicating a glissando. The piano staff has a section with the instruction 'tremolo' and a wavy line indicating a tremolo. The cello part includes a dynamic range from mf to pp. The piano part has a tremolo section. The violin part has a section labeled 'L.h. lean quickly into gliss + release'. The score is marked with various performance instructions and musical notation.